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UNITED STATES PLANT PATENT APPLICATION

of

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for

CLEMATIS VARIETY

'EVIpo002'

CLEMATIS VARIETY 'EVIpo002'

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A new Clematis cultivar which is well suited to propagation in glasshouses. With a compact growth habit and profuse, Red-Purple flowers which have good color retention.

The variety successfully propagates from softwood cuttings and is suitable for cultivation in commercial glasshouses. This new and distinct variety has shown to be uniform and stable in the resulting generations from propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCOVERY

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION:

Clematis flammula viticella

VARIETY DENOMINATION

`EVIpo002'

COMMERCIAL CLASSIFICATION:
Early-Large Flowering Cultivar

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The present discovery constitutes a new and distinct variety of Clematis which originated from an uncontrolled pollination of two unnamed Clematis plants. The claimed plant was discovered in a cultivated area. The new variety is named 'EVIpo002'.

The objective of the selection of this Clematis variety for commercial glasshouse and nursery culture was to create a new and distinct variety with unique qualities such as:

- 1. Large full form red-purple flowers
- 2. Compact Growth
- 25 3. Yellow flower center
 - 4. Strong flower color with good color retention

These qualities required improvement in Clematis varieties that were in commercial cultivation and the objectives have been substantially achieved in the new variety, as evidenced by the unique combination of characteristics that are present in 'EVIpo002' which distinguish it from all other varieties of which we are aware.

The seeds from a chance hybridization were Evaluations

germinated and evaluations were conducted on the DISCOVERED SEEDLAK 10 resulting-seedling-plants in a controlled environment. 'EVIpo002' was selected by Raymond J. Evison and Mogens N. Olesen in their Clematis development program in Domarie Vineries Les Sauvagees, St. Sampsons, Guernsey, Channel Islands, 15 United Kingdom in April 1997. Asexual reproduction of 'EVIpo002' by cuttings was first done by Raymond J. Evison and Mogens N. Olesen in Domarie Vineries Les Sauvagees, St. Sampsons, Guernsey, Channel Islands, United Kingdom in May 20 1997. This initial and subsequent propagations have demonstrated that the characteristics of 'EVIpo002' are true to type and are transmitted from one generation to the next.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustration show as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type:

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- Fig. 1.1 Juvenile foliage attached to
 stems, petiole, petiolule, and
 stems;
- Fig. 1.2 Mature foliage with petiole;
- Fig. 1.3 Bracts and various stages of flower development;
 - Fig. 1.4 Open flower, upper side
 - Fig. 1.5 Open flower, lower side

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a detailed description of 'EVIpo002', as observed in its growth throughout the flowering period in glasshouses at Domarie Vineries

Les Sauvagees, St. Sampsons, Guernsey, Channel

PLANTS WERE CULTIVATED FOR Z MEARS IN Z LITER POIS.

Islands, United Kingdom. Certain phenotypical

characteristics of the variety may vary under

different environmental, cultural, agronomic,

seasonal, and climatic conditions. Color references

are made using the Royal Horticultural Society

(London, England) Colour Chart, 2001.

For a comparison, the nearest existing Clematis

variety is 'Niobe', a non-patented variety. Chart 1
details several physical characteristics of the
claimed Clematis plant and the comparison variety.

Chart 1

	'EVIpo002'	'Niobe'
Leaflet size	40 to 50 mm	30 to 40 mm
Tepal width	30 to 40 mm	25 to 30 mm
Flower diameter	120 to 180 mm	100 to 150 mm
Tepal overlap	Tepals overlap by	Tepals do not
	5 to 10 mm	normally
		overlap

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PARENTAGE INFORMATION

Unnamed seedling x Unnamed seedling-

FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

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Blooming habit: Normally blooms in April, May,

and June recurring in August,

September, and October.

Flowering may be prolonged

throughout the growing season if

pruned accordingly.

Flower bud:

<u>Size:</u> 30 to 40 mm in length. 10 to 13

mm in diameter.

Bud form:

Long ovoid

Bud color:

Red Purple Group 61A at 1/4

opening.

<u>Tepals:</u>

Purple Group N79C.

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Peduncle:

Surface: Smooth

Length:

90 to 120 mm average

length.

Color:

Green Group 131A.

Strength: Strong

DIAMETER: ZMM.

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Borne:

Normally compound cymes. Early

season flowers may be borne

single.

Flower bloom: 15 .

<u>Size:</u>

120 to 180 mm in diameter.

Form:

Upon opening: Flat with sepals TEPALS

slightly

reflexing.

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Depth:

1 depth as viewed from the

side is 5 to 10 mm.

Reproductive parts protrude

giving flower overall depth of

15 to 20 mm.

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TEPAL Color:

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Upon opening;

Upper Surface is Red-Purple

Group 71A.

Lower Surface is Red-Purple

Group 71A.

After opening;

Upper Surface is Red-Purple

Group 71A.

Lower Surface is Red-Purple

is Purple N79C. At the

basal zone, tepals are

Violet N90A.

<u>Variations:</u>

As the flower matures, the upper

surface of the tepal exhibits

more blue tones and tends

towards Purple RHS79C.

<u>Fragrance:</u>

None to very light floral

fragrance.

Lasting quality on plant and as a cut flower:

2 to 5 days as a cut flower.

Flowers persist 7 to 12 days on

the plant.

25 Tepals:

Tepal Count: Single

Average: 6

Shape:

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Obovate. BASE 15 OBTUSE. APEX IS MURROMITE.

Cross section: Reflexed.

<u>Undulation of margin:</u>

Sepal margin is entire with

slight undulations, 1 to 2 in

quantity, along the length of

the tepal. The depth of these

undulations is typically 5 to 10

mm.

10 <u>Tepal apex:</u> Cuspidate.

Recurvature of tip:

Slight.

<u>Persistence:</u> Tepals drop off cleanly.

<u>Arrangement:</u> Tepals are arranged regularly.

15 Reproductive Organs:

Pollen:

Quantity: Average.

Color:

Yellow Group 11B.

Anthers:

20 LENGTH

4 to 7 mm.

Color:

Yellow Group 11B.

Arrangement: Regular.

Filaments:

Color:

White Group 155A.

<u>Pistil:</u>

Quantity: 30 to 45.

25 <u>Stiqmas:</u>

Protrude from flower as it

reaches full maturity.

Styles:

Yellow Group 11B.

Seed Production: Under normal conditions,
each ovary will produce 15 to 25 seeds.
Seed is Green Group 143C in color and is
circular to tear shaped. Seed diameter is
2 to 3 mm with an elongated plumule 15 to
25 mm in length.

PLANT

Plant form: Climbing and spreading.

10 Plant growth: Moderately vigorous.

Height: Seasons growth attains 2 to 2.5

meters.

Width: 1 to 2 meters.

Hardiness: Trials to date show the variety hardy

in USDA Zones 4-9.

Stems:

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<u>Color:</u> Young wood: Red Purple Group

61A.

Older wood: Greyed Orange

Group 165C.

<u>Internodes:</u> Cylindrical. Length: 180 to 120

DIMENSIONS! HORMALLY (to Z METERS IN LENGTH. DIAMETER)

Petioles: 2 mm do wilde.

Size: Average length:

60 to 80 mm.

Color: Red Purple 61A.

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Clasping:

By leaf Petiole.

Bark:

Young wood:

Smooth.

Older wood:

Smooth.

Plant foliage: 5

Deciduous.

Form:

Three broadly ovate leaflets

arranged in pinnate form.

Terminal Leaflet size: 40 to 50mm in length

COMPOUND LEAF 5125: by 70 to 80 mm wide.

120 MM LONG BY 100 MM WIDE erage. ON AUERAGE. Above Average.

Abundance: Color:

Above: Green Group 137B.

Bottom: Green Group 137B.

Plant leaves and leaflets:

15 <u>Stipules:</u> Absent.

Length: 60 to 80 mm.

Underneath: Without prickles:

Petioloule:

Length:

10 to 30 mm.

Color:

Red Purple 61A.

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<u>Leaf Edge:</u>

Terminal leaflet margin is

entire with mild undulations.

Shape:

Base of leaflet: Rounded to

Cordate.

Apex of leaflet: Acute.

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Texture:

Upper side: Rough.

Lower side: Rough.

Thickness: Moderate.

Glossiness: Matte Finish.

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Disease resistance:

Subject to any disease that normally attacks the species, however the variety is more tolerant to <code>Botrytis</code> and mildew than some Clematis.

CLAIM

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ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIBED
HERBIN

We claim a new and distinct variety of clematis plant, substantially as herein shown and detailed, NAMED EVIPONOZ as a distinct and novel clematis variety due to its compact growth habit and profuse, Red-Purple flowers which have good color retention, year round flowering under glasshouse conditions, suitability for production from softwood cuttings in pots, durable flowers and foliage which make the variety suitable for distribution in the floral industry.